

## PROJECT BACKGROUND

## Project Opportunity

Oregon State's Food Science and Technology department has a need for real-time monitoring of their distillation column. Monitoring temperature allows students and researchers to better understand what is happening during an experiment and providing a display allows an entire class to easily watch the experiment proceed.

## Project Goals

- Install television on lab wall and mount Raspberry Pis near television and on the distillation column
- Develop Python code to collect and transmit real-time temperature data from a distillation column and graph it on the wall-mounted television
- Install 1/16" Swagelok ports on the distillation column for thermocouple probes
- Construct sensor board to connect thermocouples to Raspberry Pi for data collection

## Raspberry Pi

- \$35.00 each
- Quad Core 1.2 GHz CPU
- 1 GB RAM
- Wireless LAN (WiFi) and Bluetooth built in
- Raspbian (Unix) operating system
- Micro-USB powered
- MicroSD storage



## Python

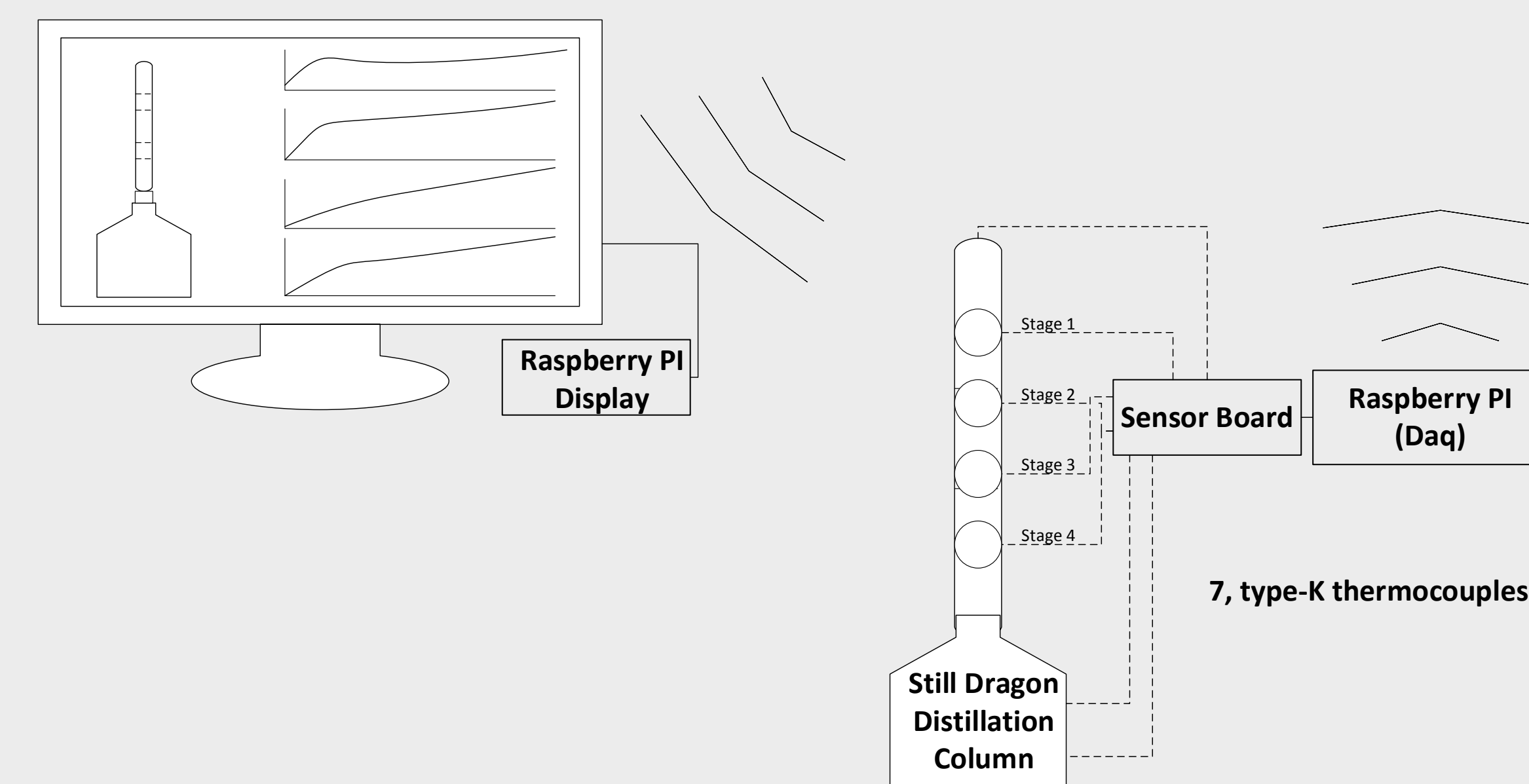
- Easy to use programming language
- Verbose- easy to read and understand
- Requires knowledge of libraries and classes of commands
- Strong support, default on Raspbian OS
- Learned about different IDEs: Pycharm and Anaconda



## REAL-TIME DATA COLLECTION FOR SMALL SCALE ETHANOL DISTILLATION OPERATIONS

Alan Haynes, Timothy Painter, Randy Tran

## Design

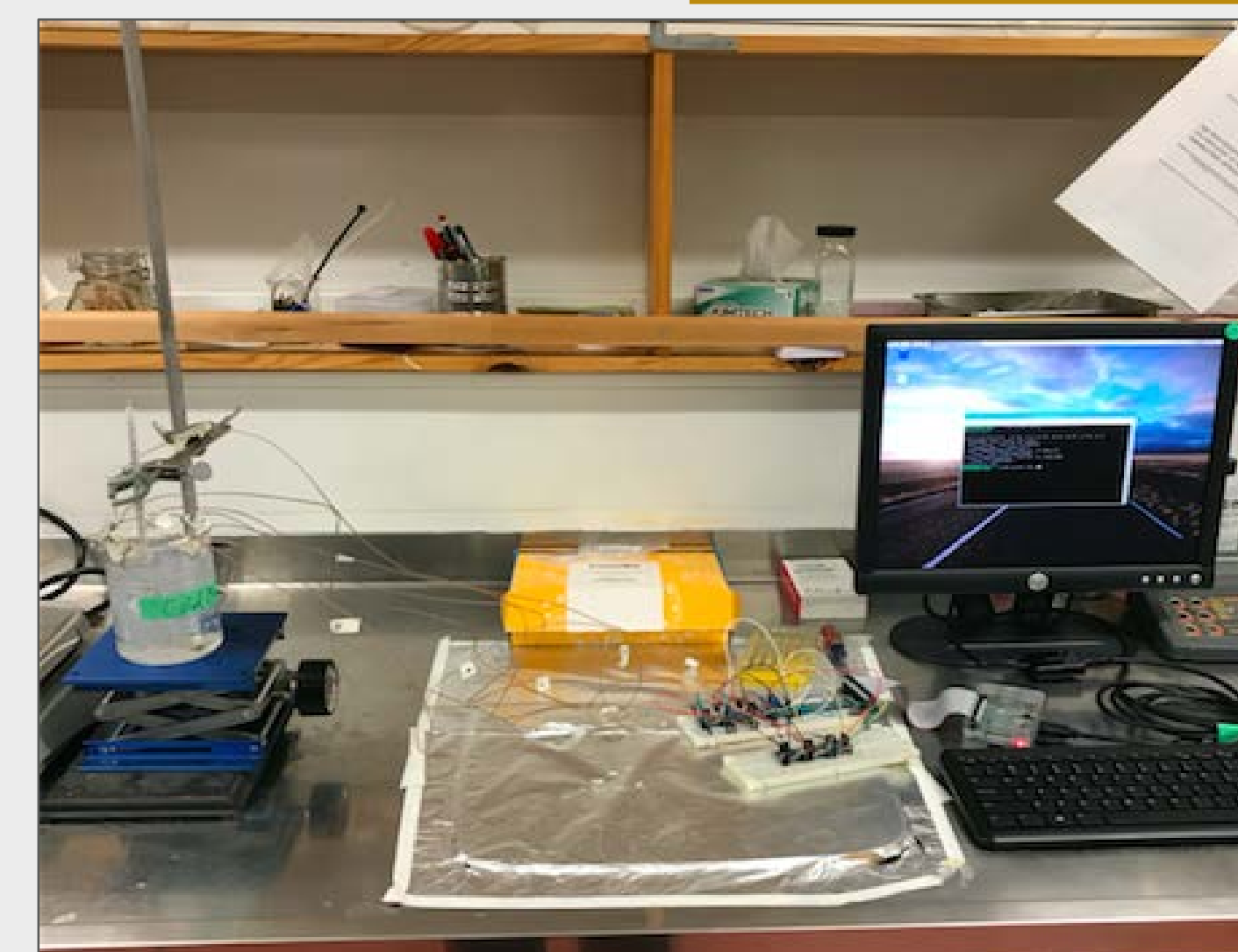


**Figure 1:** Process flow diagram of final design Showing real-time data acquisition and transmission via wireless network between raspberry PI's.

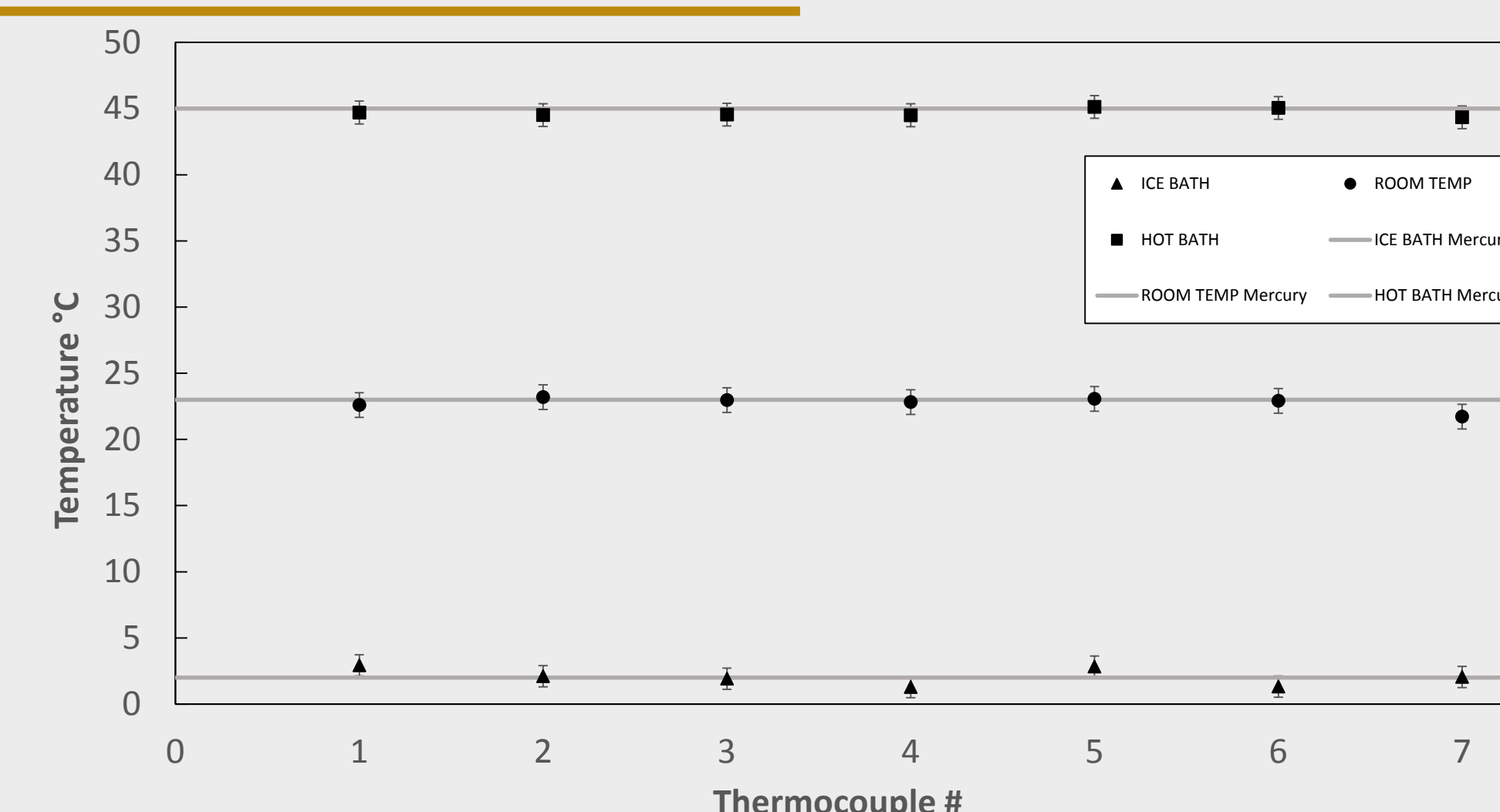


**Figure 2:** 50" Sony LCD television wall mounted display for easy viewing

## Thermocouple Calibration



**Figure 3:** Experimental setup for thermocouple calibration



**Figure 4:** Calibration of K-type thermocouples at 45, 23, and 2°C. Accurate to  $\pm 1^\circ\text{C}$  (95% CI).

## Python Code

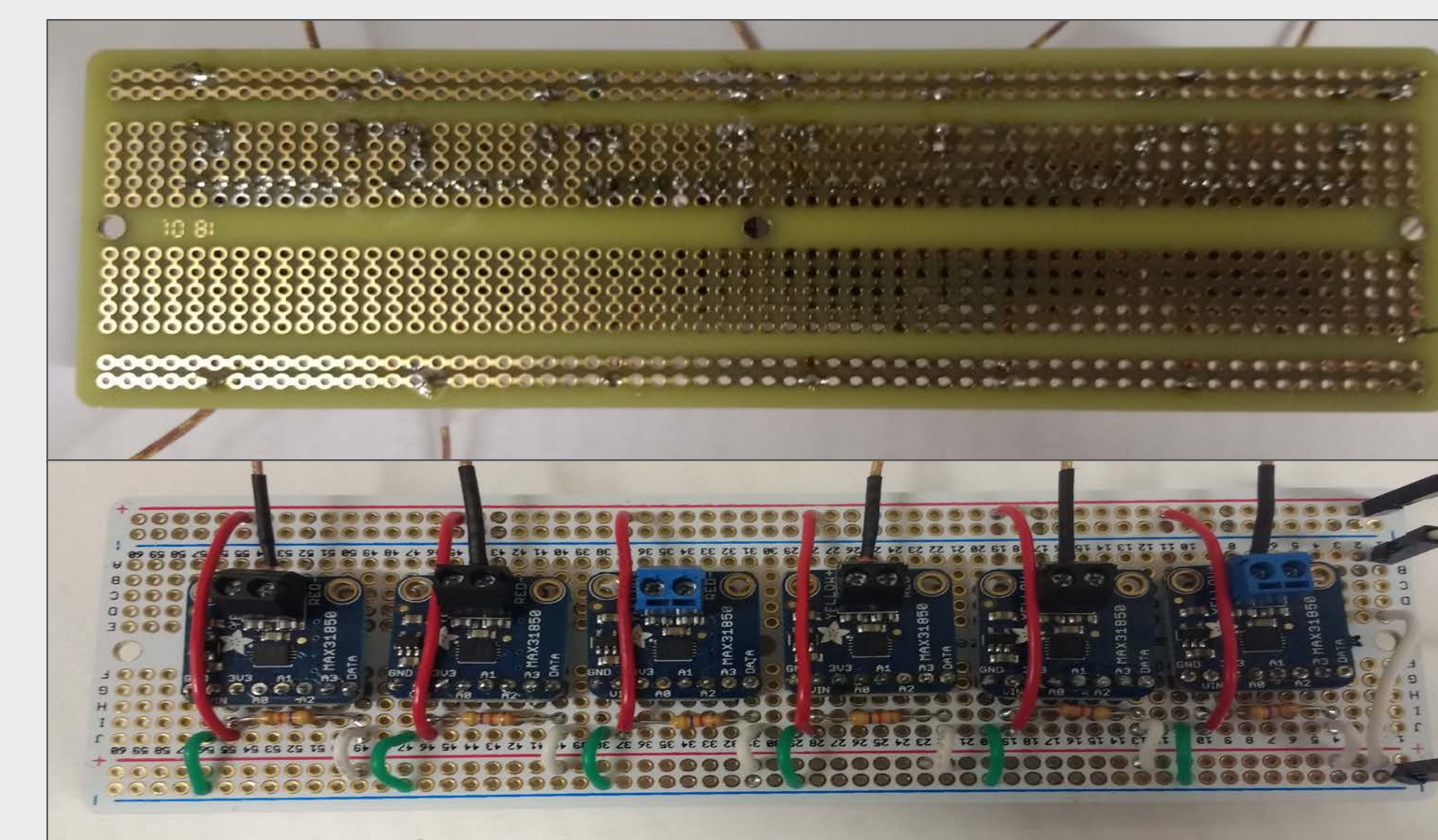
```

1 import csv
2 import datetime as date
3 from mma import max31850
4
5 #Pull data from thermocouples and interpret as degrees C
6 x = max31850()
7 deviceCount=x.device_count()
8
9
10 i = 0
11 deviceNum = 0
12 allTemps = []
13 tempList = []
14
15 #displays number of recognized thermocouples
16 print("Device count: ",deviceCount,"\n")
17
18 #outputs timestamp and readings of thermocouples to .csv file
19 with open('test.csv', 'w', newline='') as csvfile:
20     writer = csv.writer(csvfile)
21     while True:
22         while i < deviceCount:
23             deviceNum = i+1

```

**Figure 5:** Sample of Python script that iteratively records temperature measurements to a data file.

## Product



**Figure 6:** Soldered final board design, increases space efficiency and fits on the distillation column

## CHALLENGES AND FUTURE WORK

## Challenges

- Storage and transmission of temperature data to and from Raspberry Pi devices via Bluetooth.
- Optimizing arrangement of electronic components and wiring on thermocouple device by eliminating the breakdown GPIO ribbon cable.
- Mounting device on distillation column while reducing thermal effects on sensitive components.
- Learning python programming with no prior experience.

## Future Work

- Complete programming code for data projection and display.
- Test final product by running distillation column and collect real-time temperature data.
- Add LED lighting to housing complex and improve mounting arrangement.



**Figure 7:** Distillation column as set up in lab. Is used for demonstrations and graduate research.

## Acknowledgements

- Dr. Paul Hughes – Head Project Sponsor  
 Sebastian Ramirez – Graduate Supervisor  
 Dr. Philip Harding – Academic Supervisor  
 John Cochran – Lab Engineer  
 Andy Brickman – Lab Engineer  
 Greyson Termini – COE Machinist